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Code No: A0403

## JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD M.Tech I Semester Examinations, March/April-2011 STRESS ANALYSIS AND VIBRATION (CAD/CAM)

Time: 3hours Max. Marks: 60

Answer any five questions All questions carry equal marks

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- 1.a) What is meant by Airy's function and Biharmonic equation?
- b) Find the ratio of thickness to the internal diameter of a tube subjected to internal pressure when the pressure 75% of the value of the maximum permissible circumferential stress. Find the increases in internal diameter of such a tube, 20cm internal diameter when the internal pressure is 42MPa.  $E = 200 \text{ GPa } \gamma = 0.28$ .

[4+8]

- 2.a) What do you understand by displacement field?
  - b) A flat steel of disk of 80cm outside diameter with a 20cm hole is shrunk around a solid steel shaft. The shrink allowance is 1 in 1000 parts.
    - i) At what rpm will the shrink fit loosen up as a result of rotation?
    - ii) What are the maximum stresses when spinning at the speed calculate in part (i)
    - iii) What are the stresses at stand still?
    - iv) What are the stresses at half the speed calculate in part (i)  $\rho$ , E,  $\nu$  are  $7800 \text{kg/m}^3$ , 200 GPa and 0.3.
- 3.a) What are the various formulation and solution methods for elasticity problems?
  - b) Derive expressions for maximum deflection and stress in a thin circular plate simply supported around the edge and subjected to uniformly distributed load.

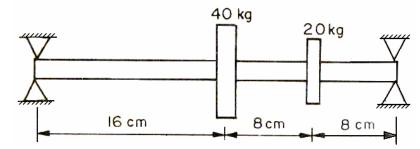
[8+8]

- 4.a) Discuss the significance of contact stresses.
  - b) Derive an expression foe maximum shear stress induced in a rectangular bar under torsion. [12]
- 5.a) Find the time period of vibration of a compound pendulum.
  - b) Calculate the natural frequency of vibration of a torsional pendulum of fig. with the following dimensions. Length of the rod = 1m, diameter of the rod d = 5mm, diameter of the rotor D = 0.2m and the mass of the rotor M = 2kg. The modulus of rigidity for the material of the rod may be assumed to be  $0.83 \times 10^{11} \text{N/m}^2$ . [12]

**Contd.....2** 

6. Estimate the lowest natural frequency of transverse vibrations for the system shown in figure by Stodola's method.

Take E=  $2.0 \times 1011 \text{ N/m}^2$ , I=  $10^{-6} \text{ m}^4$  and g =  $10 \text{m/s}^2$  [12]



- 7. Derive the frequency equation for a beam with both ends fixed and having transverse vibration. [12]
- 8. A bar is free at both ends and is initially stretched by static force P acting at the ends. The forces are released instantaneously. Derive the frequency equation expression for natural frequencies, normal function and general series for free vibration. [12]